

Open Science – more than Open Access

Kirsten Elger 

GFZ German Research Centre for Geosciences, Library and Information Services
FID GEO



HELMHOLTZ

Challenges for Researchers



Open Access – 2003 to 2022

Berlin Declaration on Open Access to Knowledge in the Sciences and Humanities

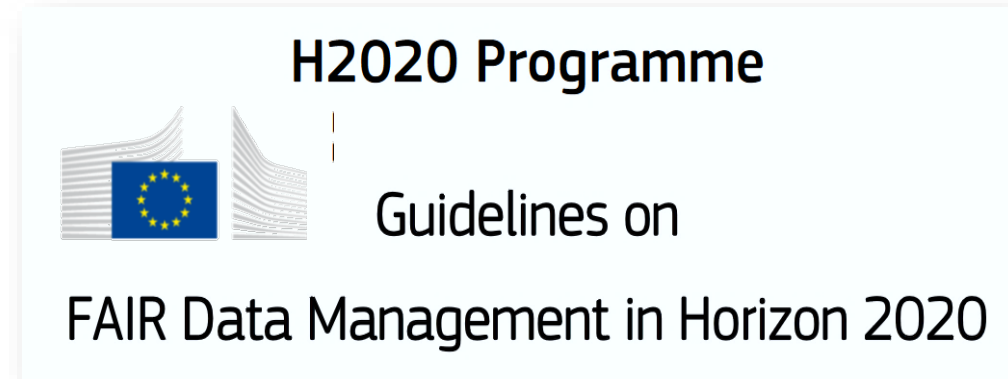
(2003): „*Open access contributions include original scientific research results, raw data and metadata, source materials, digital representations of pictorial and graphical materials and scholarly multimedia materials.*”



Plan S

Making full & immediate
Open Access a reality

Open data – an international request



DFG promotes Open Access papers,
open data, open source software



COPDESS

**Coalition for Publishing Data in
the Earth and Space Sciences**

COPDESS Statement of Commitment 2015

Statement of Commitment from Earth and Space Science Publishers
and Data Facilities

How re-usable are data supplements?



COPDESS @ AGU 2014

“Scholarly publication is a key high-value entry point in making data available, open, discoverable, and usable. Most publishers have statements related to the inclusion or release of data as part of publication, recognizing that inclusion of the full data enhances the value and is part of the integrity of the research. **Unfortunately, the vast majority of data submitted along with publications are in formats and forms of storage that makes discovery and reuse difficult or impossible.**”

Coalition on Publishing Data in the Earth and Space Sciences

2015: **Data Publications with DOI are citable in research articles**
(COPDESS Statement of Commitment)



STATEMENT OF COMMITMENT

- data should be stored in **appropriate domain repositories.**
- **citations of data sets** should be included within **reference lists.**
- include in research papers concise **data availability statements.**
- links to data sets in publications and corresponding links to journals in data facilities

<http://www.copdess.org/statement-of-commitment/>

Publisher/Journal requirements for Open Science

SPRINGER NATURE

Reporting standards and availability of data, materials, code and protocols

An inherent principle of publication is that others should be able to replicate and build upon the authors' published claims. A condition of publication in a Nature Portfolio journal is that **authors are required to make materials, data, code, and associated protocols promptly available to readers without undue qualifications**. Any restrictions on the availability of materials or information must be disclosed to the editors at the time of submission. Any **restrictions must also be disclosed** in the submitted manuscript.



AGU requires that the **underlying data** needed to understand, evaluate, and build upon the reported research **be available at the time of peer review and publication**. Additionally, authors should make available **software** that has a significant impact on the research. This entails:

1. Depositing the data and software in a **community accepted, trusted repository**, as appropriate, and **preferably with a DOI**
2. Including an Availability Statement as a separate paragraph in the Open Research section explaining to the reader where and how to access the data and software
3. And including **citation(s)** to the deposited data and software, in the Reference Section.



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Tectonophysics

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/tecto



How do I cite a dataset?

Properties of granular analogue model materials: A community wide survey

M. Klinkmüller^{a,1}, G. Schreurs^{a,1}, M. Rosenau^b, H. Kemnitz^b

^a Institute of Geological Sciences, University of Bern, Baltzerstrasse 1 +3, CH-3012 Bern, Switzerland

^b Helmholtz-Zentrum Potsdam, GFZ Deutsches GeoForschungsZentrum, Telegrafenberg, D-14473 Potsdam, Germany

sented as grain size distribution curves, in which particle grain size is plotted against cumulative weight percentage (Fig. 2).

The original sieve data have been published open access and are available in Klinkmüller et al. (2016b).

References

- Heilbronner, R., Keulen, N., 2006. Grain size and grain shape analysis of fault rocks. *Tectonophysics* 427, 199–216.
- Hubbert, M.K., 1951. Mechanical basis for certain familiar geologic structures. *Geol. Soc. Am. Bull.* 62, 1259–1273.
- Klinkmüller, M., Schreurs, G., Rosenau, M., 2016a. GeoMod2008 materials benchmark: The ring shear test data set. GFZ Data Services. <http://dx.doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.1.2016.002>.
- Klinkmüller, M., Schreurs, G., Rosenau, M., 2016b. GeoMod2008 materials benchmark: The sieve data set. GFZ Data Services. <http://dx.doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.1.2016.003>.
- Klinkmüller, M., Kemnitz, H., Schreurs, G., Rosenau, M., 2016c. GeoMod2008 materials benchmark: The SEM image data set. GFZ Data Services. <http://dx.doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.1.2016.004>.

Link to paper

1. Citation in the text

2. Full reference with DOI in the References

GFZ
Helmholtz Centre
POTSDAM

3. Data access via DOI

GeoMod2008 materials benchmark: The sieve dataset

Released

Cite as:
Klinkmüller, Matthias; Schreurs, Guido; Rosenau, Matthias (2016): GeoMod2008 materials benchmark: The sieve dataset. GFZ Data Services.
<http://doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.1.2016.003>

Copy citation to clipboard

Data Files

SieveDataOverview.pdf 218020 Bytes
Sieve-data.zip 735235 Bytes
Explanations for the Sieve dataset.pdf 536692 Bytes
License: CC BY 4.0

Related Work

Supplement to
Klinkmüller, M., Schreurs, G., Rosenau, M., & Kemnitz, H. (2016). Properties of granular analogue model materials: A community wide survey. *Tectonophysics*. doi:10.1016/j.tecto.2016.01.017

Find More Research Data
<http://bib.telegrafenberg.de/finden/datenbanken/forschungsdaten/>

Abstract

This dataset provides sieve data (grain size distributions) on natural and artificial granular materials used for experimental simulation by the analogue geodynamic modelling community (21 sands and glass beads). The material samples have been collected community-wide and analysed at GFZ Potsdam in the framework of the GeoMod2008 conference benchmark initiative. The context of data collection, details of the material samples and measuring techniques as well as interpretation and discussion of results can be found in Klinkmüller et al. (2016) to which this dataset is supplement material.

An overview of all files of the data set is given in the table SieveDataOverview.

Methods

The data presented here are derived by sieving using a RETSCH Vibratory Sieve Shaker AS 200 basic at GFZ Potsdam's analogue laboratory for tectonic modelling. Mesh sizes used were 630, 400, 355, 224, 125, and 63 micrometer. 1 kg of each sample material has been sieved for 4 hours at maximum Amplitude (3 mm). Laboratory conditions were air conditioned during all the measurements (Temperature: 23°C, Humidity: 45%).

The resulting sieve analysis data are presented as fractions of 1 kg.

Dataset Contact

Rosenau, Matthias; GFZ German Research Centre for Geosciences, Potsdam, Germany; rosen@_at_gfz-potsdam.de; <http://www.gfz-potsdam.de/en/section/lithosphere-dynamics/infrastructure/geodynamics/tectonic-modelling-lab/>

Keywords

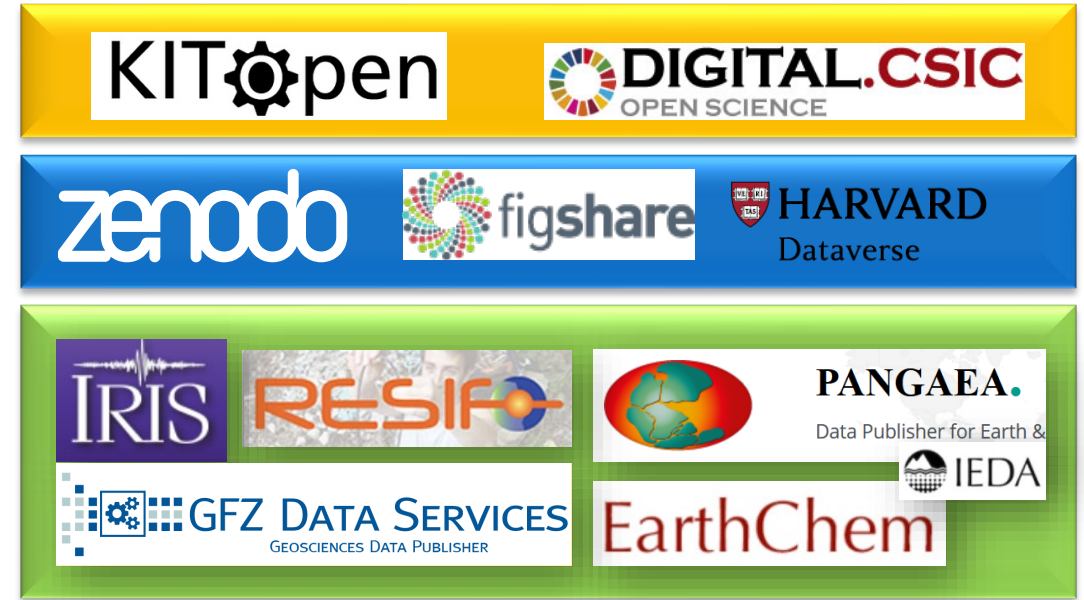
analogue materials, granular materials, bulk solids, analog models, sandbox, benchmark, Geomod, EPOS, experiment, properties of materials, geological process, materials science

GCMD Science Keywords

EARTH SCIENCE SERVICES > MODELS > PHYSICAL/LABORATORY MODELS
EARTH SCIENCE > SOLID EARTH > TECTONICS

Research Data Repositories

- Permanent archives and access points to research data
- institutional, general, domain
- Ideally open access
- persistent identifier (ideally DOI)



“Domain repositories: provide quality and standards [for their domain], **enriching and organizing data** from multiple sources **to facilitate new discoveries.** They are in many ways the **best stewards of the data** but are not currently well connected with most publishers, and many data are thus not finding their proper home.” Hanson et al.(2015) Eos, 96, <https://doi.org/10.1029/2015EO022207>

Find your repository in:

re3data.org

Registry of Research
Data Repositories

FAIR Principles – Guiding Principles for Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Re-usable Data

Findable – Data Discovery	Accessible	Interoperable	Reusable
Metadata for data discovery in public domain	Data is accessible by humans and machines	Open formats	Data rights and licences
Metadata catalogues of data repositories	Standard protocols	Machine executable metadata standards	Full record on data provenance
Metadata harvesting by data portals	Authorisation	Consistent vocabulary/ontology	Rich metadata enabling to link data with other sources
Persistent Identifier		Documented workflows	
Data citation			

simplified


FAIR Principles – Guiding Principles for Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Re-usable Data

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Persistent Identifier		Documented workflows	
Data citation			

simplified

GFZ Data Services: Research Data Repository






Profile

- Domain repository for the Geosciences since 2006
- DOIs for Data and software
- Data: real-time data streams, tables, maps, model data, ...
- Data curation by domain scientists
- Partner of: 



<https://dataservices.gfz-potsdam.de>

FAIR data

- International metadata standards (human & machine readable)
- Controlled vocabularies for „rich“ metadata
- PIDs      in prep
- Open Licences for data and software
- OAI-PMH interface
- schema.org → Google Dataset Search

Metadata Tools of GFZ Data Services

DataCite Metadata

ISO19115 Metadata

Files

Related Publications

Resource Information

DOI (will be generated in the publishing process)

10.5880/GFZ.1.4.2016.001

Publisher

GFZ Data Services

Year

2016

Resource Type

Title

Supplement to: The New World Atlas of Artificial Night Sky Brightness

Language of dataset

eng

Dataset

Licenses and Rights

Licence

Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International (CC BY-NC 4.0)

Rights URI

<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/>

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Furgoni	Riccardo				ISTIL - Istituto di...		

Contact Person(s) / Point of Contact

night

radiative transfer

Suomi NPP

Sky Quality Meter

Temporal and Spatial Coverage (The EDIT-symbol to the left provides vi...

Latitude		Longitude	
Min	Max	Min	Max
44.045486...	55.842428...	2.8710901...	43.124996...

Select Region (click left mouse and drag)

XML Translator

Online Metadata Editor



Data Description Templates



Paleosol-derived data used for the reconstruction of environmental conditions during the Holocene in the upper part of the Kali Gandaki valley, Central Nepal


(<http://doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.6.2019.001>)

Johanna Menges¹, Niels Hovius², Christoff Andermann³, Michael Dietze⁴, Charlie Swoboda⁴, Kristen Cook⁴, Basanta Adhikari², Andrea Vieth-Hillebrand⁴, Stephane Bonnet³, Tony Reimann⁴, Andreas Koutsodendris⁵, Dirk Sachse⁴

1. GFZ German Research Centre For Geosciences, Telegrafenberg, 14473 Potsdam, Germany
2. Department of Civil Engineering, Pulchowk Campus, Institute of Engineering, Tribhuvan University, Nepal
3. GET CNRS Univ Toulouse, UMR 5563, Toulouse, France
4. Soil Geography and Landscape group & Netherlands Centre for Luminescence dating, Wageningen University, The Netherlands
5. Heidelberg University Institute of Earth Sciences, Heidelberg, Germany

1. Licence

Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0)



2. Citation

These data are freely available under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International Licence (CC BY 4.0).

When using the data please cite:

Menges, J.; Hovius, N.; Andermann, C.; Dietze, M.; Swoboda, C.; Cook, K.; Adhikari, B.; Vieth-Hillebrand, A.; Bonnet, S.; Reimann, T.; K., Andreas; Sachse, D. (2019): Paleosol-derived data used for the reconstruction of Holocene environmental conditions during in the upper Kali Gandaki valley, Central Nepal. GFZ Data Services. <http://doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.6.2019.001>

The data are supplementary to:

Menges, J., Hovius, N., Andermann, C., Dietze, M., Swoboda, C., Cook, K. L., ... Sachse, D. (2019). Late

Uniform layout

IGSN – International Generic Sample Number



- Globally unique persistent identifier (PID) for physical samples and materials
- Closing the last gap for the full provenance of research results
- IGSNs link to the online sample description (link, QR Code)
<https://igsn.org/ICDP5054EX2Z501>
- For individual and hierarchical samples (e.g. drilling projects)
- IGSN are citable in papers and data publications



GFZ
Helmholtz Centre
POTSDAM

IGSN

General Identifiers

Program:	ICDP
Expedition:	ICDP 5054
Type:	Core
Name:	5054_1_A_3_Z
IGSN:	ICDP5054EC4Q001 (Open)
Parent IGSN:	ICDP5054EEW1001
Release Date:	2017-3-1

Sampling Location

Latitude:	63.4063
Longitude:	13.203057
Coordinate System:	WGS84
Elevation:	415.74
Final Depth:	412.61
Location Type:	N/A
Location Name:	Åre, Jämtlands län, Sweden
Location Description:	COSC-1 is located in the vicinity of the abandoned Fröå mine
Country:	Sweden
Province:	Jämtlands län
County:	N/A
City:	Åre

Geology

Material:	Rock
Rock Classification:	N/A
From Corrected Depth:	106.26
To Corrected Depth:	109.39
Depth Reference:	meter below ground level
Geological Age:	mid-paleozoic
Geological Unit:	N/A

Methods

MSCL	yes
XRF	yes
Lithological Description	yes
Core Overview	yes
Core Section Scan	yes
Core Catcher Scan	no

Drilling

Drilling Method:	Coring>RockCorer wireline diamond coring, HQ and NQ bit size
Operator:	Lund University, Engineering Geology Larsson Drilling Consulting AB
Funding Agency:	Swedish Research Council (Vetenskapsrådet)
Total Length:	2400.1m
Comments:	N/A
Platform Type:	drill rig

icdp

Sample Family

- 5054_1_A_1_Z
- 5054_1_A_2_Z
- 5054_1_A_3_Z
- 5054_1_A_3_Z_1
- 5054_1_A_3_Z_2
- 5054_1_A_3_Z_3
- 5054_1_A_3_Z_4

Legend: = Hole, = Core, = Core-Section, = Core-Sample

The Sample Family shows a sub-sampling graph. Select entries to navigate samples. Core-Samples are issued to scientists on request. The naming convention for a Core-Sample is: Expedition_Site_Hole_Core_Section,from-to(cm). Hole, Core, and Core-Section are following the same schema respectively.

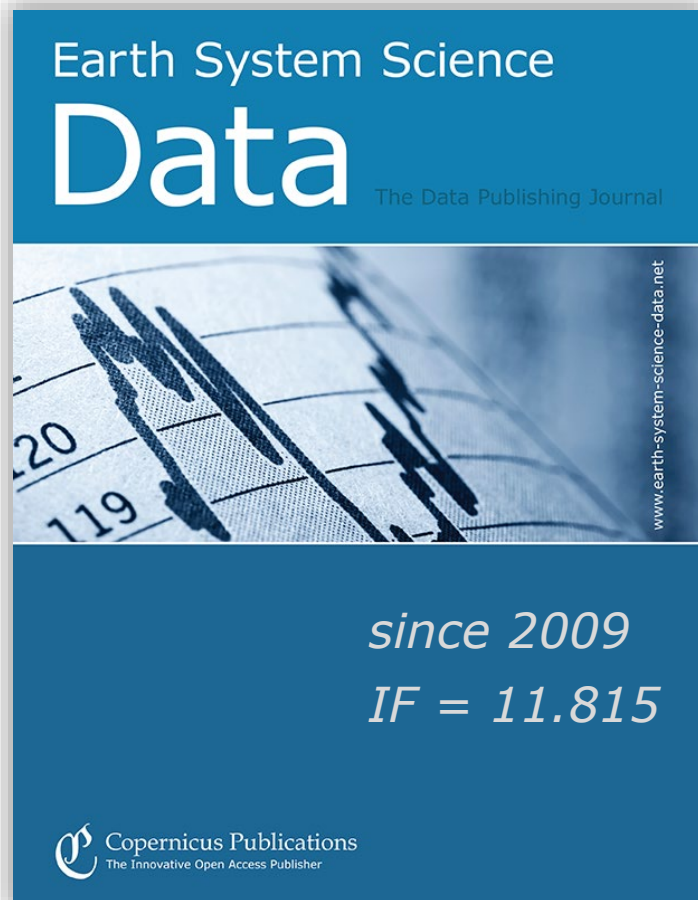
Location Map

Drilling Start/End: 2013-9-5 / 2014-8-26 *
Latitude: 63.40630 * Longitude: 13.20306
Åre, Jämtlands län, Sweden

Publications & Datasets

Lorenz, H., Rosberg, J.-E., Juhlin, C., Bjelm, L., Almqvist, B. S. G., Berthet, T., ... Tsang, C.-F. (2015). COSC-1 – drilling of a subduction-related allochthon in the Palaeozoic Caledonide orogen of Scandinavia. *Sci. Dril.*, 19, 1–11. doi:10.5194/sd-19-1-2015

Lorenz, Henning; Rosberg, Jan-Erik; Juhlin, Christopher; Bjelm, Leif; Almqvist, Bjarne; Berthet, Théo; Conze, Ronald; Gee, David G.; Klonowska, Iwona; Pascal, Christophe; Pedersen, Karsten; Roberts, Nick; Tsang, Chinfu; (2015): COSC-1 operational report - Operational data sets; GFZ Data Services. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1594/GFZ.SDDB.ICDP.5054.2015>



Data Journals - example ESSD

“An ESSD ‘product’ consists of a detailed description published in ESSD, linked to a dataset archived by a reliable data repository.”

- Open Access, public peer review
- Data are included in the review (no barriers!)
- Quality assessment of the data described
- No interpretation of the data!

Persistent Identifier (PID)



for paper, data,
software

<https://doi.org/10.5880/fidgeo.2021.049> (Data)



PID for physical samples,
cross references to
samples underlying
measurements

<https://igsn.org/GFFJH00AD> (Rock sample)



uniquely identifying
persons

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5140-8602> (Kirsten Elger)



List of funders with DOIs

<http://doi.org/10.13039/501100001659> (DFG)

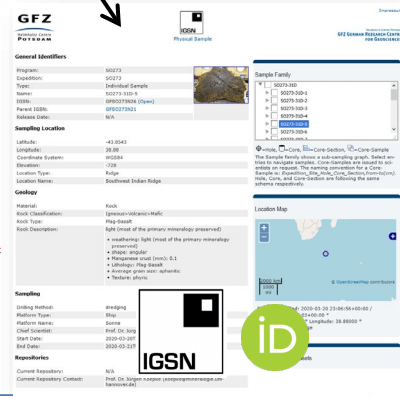


New PID for Institutions

<https://ror.org/04z8jg394> (GFZ)

data

	Table SN1. Sierra Nevada analyses of soil, saprolite, rock, bedload sediment and								
<i>fresh f</i>				Major element oxides (wt%) (σ)					
MW1	sample ID	IGSN	sample type	XRF lab	depth (cm)	SiO ₂	TiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	Fe ₂ O ₃
MW2	<i>P301 regolith depth profile</i>								
MW3	SN01 *	GFFB1002I	bulk: soil	GFZ	7	36.2	0.55	11.4	3.88
MW4	SN02 *	GFFB1002U	bulk: soil	GFZ	20	49.3	0.71	14.9	4.84
<i>mean,</i>	SN02c *	GFFB1002U	exchangeable soil	-	20	n.a.	<lod	0.00	0.00
<i>(2SE_L)</i>	SN02r *	GFFB1002U	residuum soil	-	20	n.a.	0.84	14.3	5.68
	SN03 *	GFFB1002V	bulk: soil	GFZ	30	57.5	0.88	17.6	6.44
	SN04 *	GFFB1002R	bulk: soil	GFZ	39	56.6	0.93	17.7	6.85
	SN04e *	GFFB1002R	exchangeable soil	-	39	n.a.	<lod	0.00	0.00
	SN04r *	GFFB1002R	residuum soil	-	39	n.a.	0.91	15.3	6.95



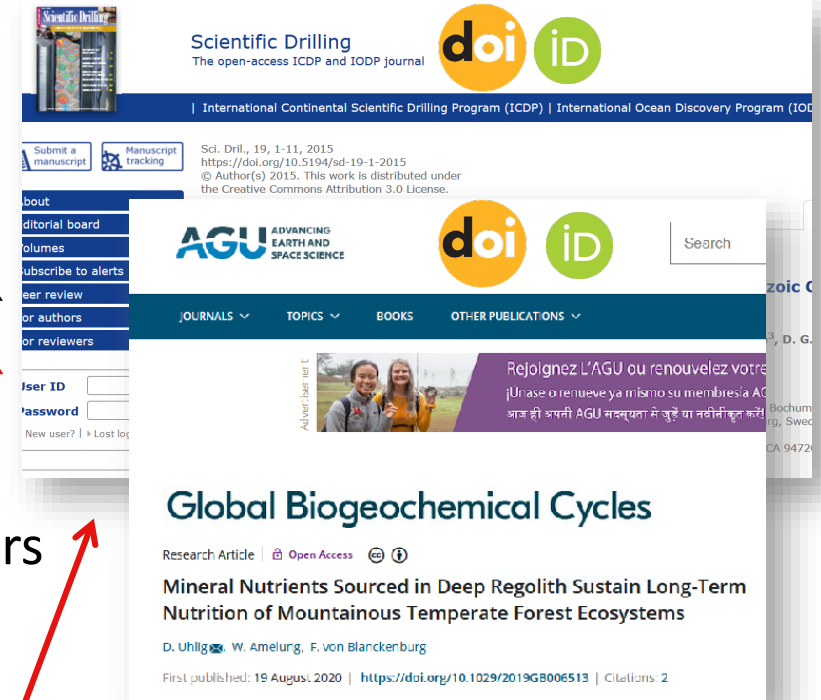
Sample description



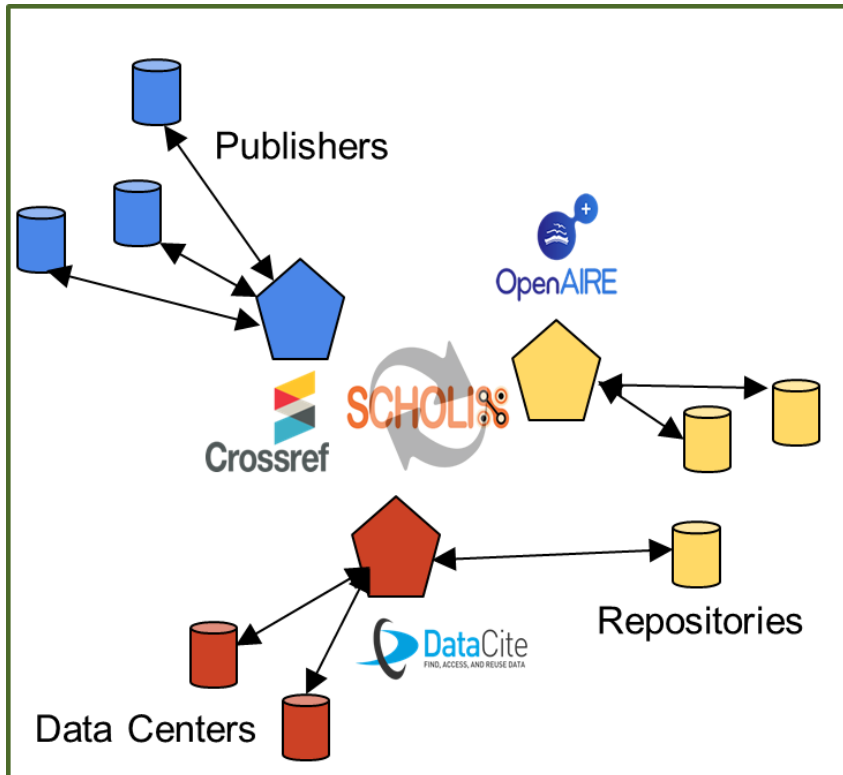
papers



Data publication



PIDs connect
everything → FAIR



Credit: Wouter Haak, Elsevier


SCHOLIX



“interoperability framework for exchanging information about the links between scholarly literature and data”

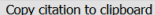
ScholarXplorer

The Data Literature Interlinking Service


The classical approach (before Scholix)

**GFZ DATA SERVICES**
GEOSCIENCES DATA PUBLISHER


 **Supplementary material for analogue experiments on the interactions of two indenters, and their implications for curved fold-and-thrust-belts** 

Cite as:
Reiter, Karsten; Kukowski, Nina; Ratschbacher, Lothar; Rosenau, Matthias (2016): Supplementary material for analogue experiments on the interactions of two indenters, and their implications for curved fold-and-thrust-belts. GFZ Data Services. <http://doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.1.2016.007> 



Files


[Explanations_Reiter-et-al-2016.pdf](#) 0.5 Mb
[list-of-files-Reiter-et-al-2016.pdf](#) 232.6 Kb
[Experimenting.avi](#) 78.7 Mb
[gb70-pictures.pdf](#) 497.1 Kb
[gb40-3Dview-30-34.avi](#) 5.8 Mb
[gb50-3Dview-30-33.avi](#) 5.7 Mb
[gb55-3Dview-30-32.avi](#) 6.1 Mb
[gb50-3Dview-30-30.avi](#) 6.4 Mb




Abstract



This data publication includes animations and figures of eight scaled analogue models that are used to investigate the evolution of a curved mountain belt akin to the Pamir and Hindu Kush orogenic system and adjacent Tadjik basin. Crustal deformation is simulated by means of indentation of two basement blocks into a sedimentary sequence and the formation of a curved fold-and-thrust belt. The experimental set-up has two adjacent rigid indenters representing the basement blocks moving in parallel with a velocity difference (Figure 1). The slow indenter moves with a relative velocity ranging from 40 to 80% of that of the fast one. A layer of quartz sand in front of the indenters, 1 by 1 meter in size and 1.5 cm thick, represents the sedimentary basin infill. A basal detachment layer is made up of low-friction glass beads or viscous silicone oil representing weak shale or evaporates layers, respectively. The surface evolution by

Dataset Description
Supplement to
Reiter, K., Kukowski, N., & Ratschbacher, L. (2011). The interaction of two indenters in analogue experiments and implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts. *Earth and Planetary Science Letters*, 302(1-2), 132–146.
[doi:10.1016/j.epsl.2010.12.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.epsl.2010.12.002)

 **Earth and Planetary Science Letters** 
Volume 302, Issues 1–2, 1 February 2011, Pages 132–146

The interaction of two indenters in analogue experiments and implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts

Karsten Reiter ^{a, b} , Nina Kukowski ^{b, 1} , Lothar Ratschbacher ^a 

 **Show more**

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.epsl.2010.12.002> [Get rights and content](#)

Abstract
Scaled analogue experiments are used to investigate the indentation of two

...supplement to an article from 2011

The classical approach (before Scholix)



GFZ DATA SERVICES
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Supplementary material for analogue experiments on the interactions of two indenters, and their implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts

Cite as:
Reiter, Karsten; Kukowski, Nina; Ratschbacher, Lothar; Rosenau, Matthias (2016): Supplementary material for analogue experiments on the interactions of two indenters, and their implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts. GFZ Data Services. <http://doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.1.2016.007>

Files

- Explanations_Reiter-et-al-2016.pdf 0.5 Mb
- list-of-files-Reiter-et-al-2016.pdf 232.6 Kb
- Experimenting.avi 78.7 Mb
- gb70-pictures.pdf 497.1 Kb
- gb40-3Dview-30-34.avi 5.8 Mb
- gb50-3Dview-30-33.avi 5.7 Mb
- gb55-3Dview-30-32.avi 6.1 Mb
- gb50-2Dview-30-30.avi 6.4 Mb

Abstract

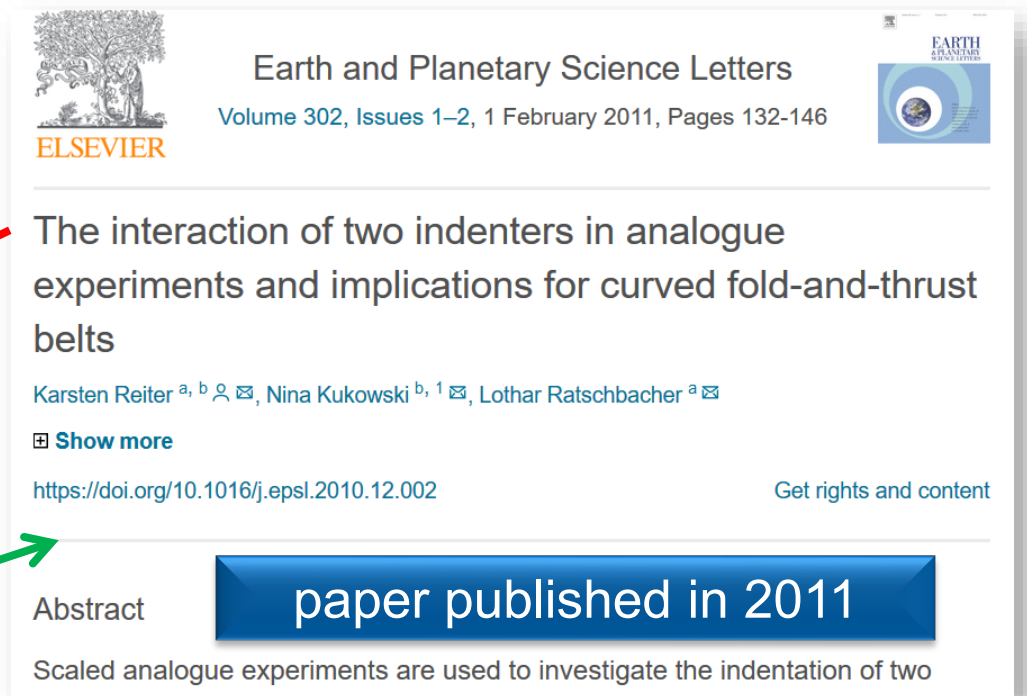
This data publication includes animations and figures of eight scaled analogue models that are used to

data publication in 2016

Dataset Description

Supplement to

Reiter, K., Kukowski, N., & Ratschbacher, L. (2011). The interaction of two indenters in analogue experiments and implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts. *Earth and Planetary Science Letters*, 302(1-2), 132-146.
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ELSEVIER

Earth and Planetary Science Letters
Volume 302, Issues 1-2, 1 February 2011, Pages 132-146

The interaction of two indenters in analogue experiments and implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts

Karsten Reiter ^{a, b}, Nina Kukowski ^{b, 1}, Lothar Ratschbacher ^a

Show more

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.epsl.2010.12.002>

Get rights and content

Abstract

Scaled analogue experiments are used to investigate the indentation of two

paper published in 2011

Link to paper in the metadata of the data publication

Is **not** possible to add the citation of the dataset to the paper 5 years after publishing

Data: <http://doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.1.2016.007>, Paper: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.epsl.2010.12.002>

New possibilities for cross-linking data and papers



GFZ DATA SERVICES
GEOSCIENCES DATA PUBLISHER

Supplementary material for analogue experiments on the interactions of two indenters, and their implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts

Cite as:
Reiter, Karsten; Kukowski, Nina; Ratschbacher, Lothar; Rosenau, Matthias (2016): Supplementary material for analogue experiments on the interactions of two indenters, and their implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts. GFZ Data Services. <http://doi.org/10.5880/GFZ.4.1.2016.007>

Files

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- gb70-pictures.pdf 497.1 Kb
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- gb50-3Dview-30-33.avi 5.7 Mb
- gb55-3Dview-30-32.avi 6.1 Mb
- gb50-3Dview-20-20.avi 6.4 Mb

Abstract

This data publication includes animations and figures of eight scaled analogue models that are used to...

80% of that of the fast one. A layer of quartz sand in front of the indenters, 1 by 1 meter in size and 1.5 cm thick, represents the sedimentary basin infill. A basal detachment layer is made up of low-friction glass beads or viscous silicone oil representing weak shale or evaporates layers, respectively. The surface evolution by...

data publication in 2016

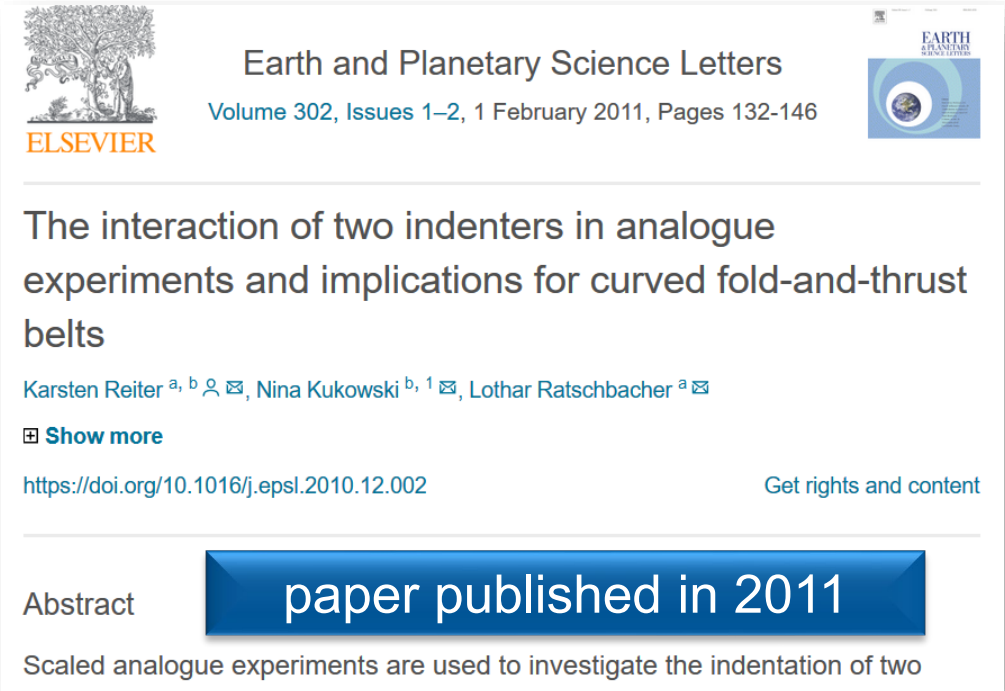
Dataset Description

Supplement to

Reiter, K., Kukowski, N., & Ratschbacher, L. (2011). The interaction of two indenters in analogue experiments and implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts. *Earth and Planetary Science Letters*, 302(1-2), 132-146.
[doi:10.1016/j.epsl.2010.12.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.epsl.2010.12.002)

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Link to data on the paper landing page



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Earth and Planetary Science Letters
Volume 302, Issues 1-2, 1 February 2011, Pages 132-146

The interaction of two indenters in analogue experiments and implications for curved fold-and-thrust belts

Karsten Reiter ^{a, b}, Nina Kukowski ^{b, 1}, Lothar Ratschbacher ^a

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Abstract

Scaled analogue experiments are used to investigate the indentation of two

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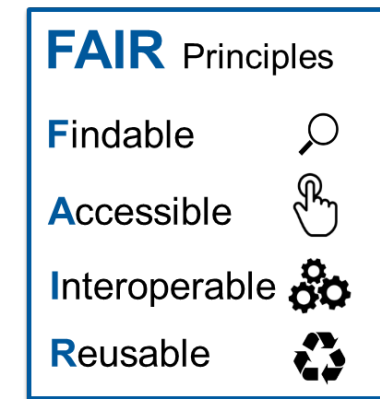
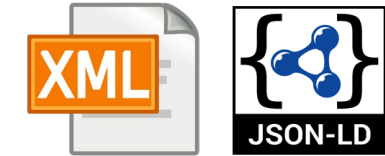
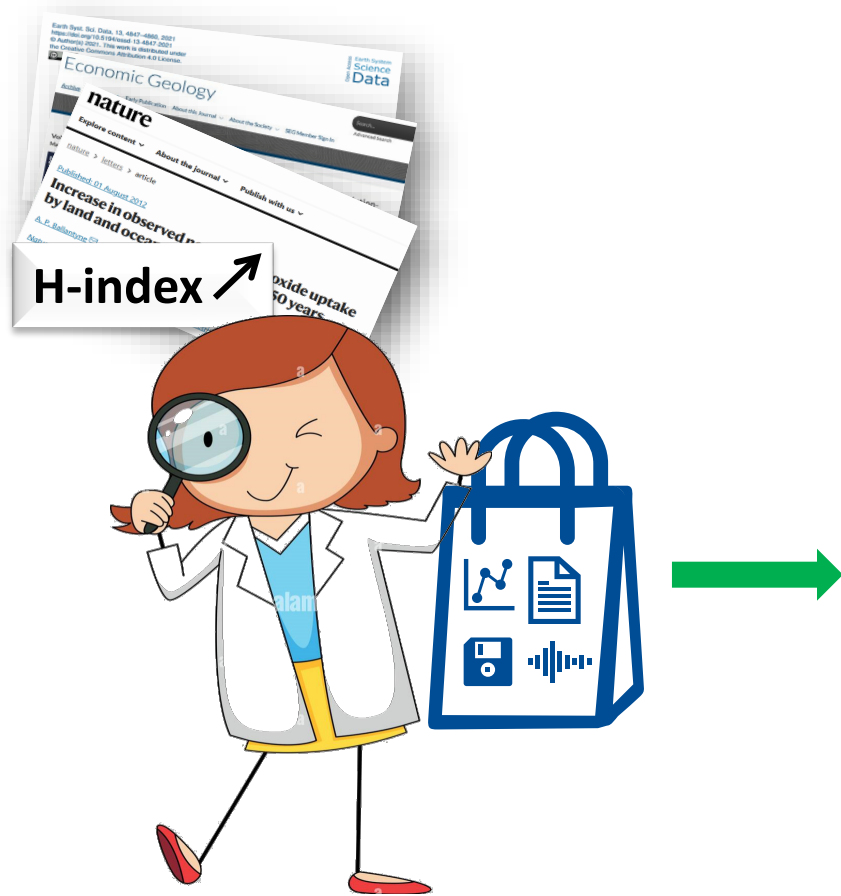
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Package of Measures to Support a Shift in the Culture of Research Assessment

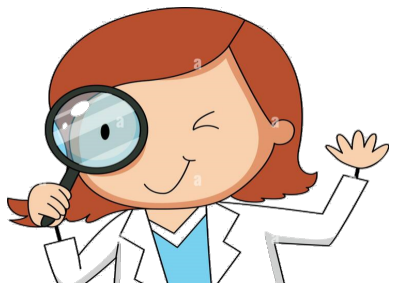
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In addition to a maximum of ten publications in the more common publication formats, the CV can therefore now list up to ten further sets of research outcomes and findings that have been publicised in a variety of other ways, including **articles on preprint servers, data sets or software packages**, for example.

The role of data repositories for Open Science



Data repositories support researchers to make their data FAIR.....



happy...and ready for future developments



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Thank you for your attention

Contact: Kirsten Elger: kelger@gfz-potsdam.de